

## SEMESTER ONE 2023-2024

## ABERYSTWYTH UNIVERSITY

# **DEPARTMENT OF INTERNATIONAL POLITICS**

# IP12820 THE MAKING OF THE MODERN WORLD: WAR, PEACE AND REVOLUTION SINCE 1789

Time allowed: **8.5 HOURS**.

You must submit your answer in a single document to the TurnItIn submission point on the module's Blackboard site before 6 P.M. (BST) the day the examination paper is released. Late submissions will not be accepted.

Please answer TWO questions, **ONE** from **EACH SECTION** 

Each answer must comprise of 750 words (+/- 10%). Do not duplicate material you have submitted previously.

STUDENTS MAY SUBMIT ANSWERS TO THIS PAPER IN EITHER WELSH OR ENGLISH

#### SECTION A (answer **ONE** question)

- 1. Which is the more important factor in explaining 19<sup>th</sup> century European imperial expansion, the rise of industrial capitalism or great power politics?
- 2. Should historians regard the First World War (1914-19) as a clash of imperialisms?
- 3. 'The most significant outcome of the Second World War (1939-45) was the destruction of European power.' Discuss.
- 4. 'The most important factor in the disintegration of European empires was anticolonial nationalism.' Discuss.
- 5. Is it right to think of the post-1945 Cold War balance of power as a bipolar system of international politics?

SECTION B (answer **ONE** question)

- 1. Why was the 19<sup>th</sup> century 'Concert of Europe' system for managing international order so successful for so long?
- 2. Why did the League of Nations fail to prevent the Second World War?
- 3. Is it too simple to view the Cold War as an ideological confrontation between capitalism and communism?
- 4. How successful has the United Nations been as a mechanism for preventing war and resolving conflict since 1945?
- 5. Citing specific examples, consider the ways in which the legacies of imperialism continue to shape international politics in the 21<sup>st</sup> century?